## The Organizing Principles of Polyvagal Theory







Dr. Stephen Porges' Polyvagal Theory has revolutionized the way we

view the body's response to stress, considering the autonomic nervous system (ANS) the foundation of our lived experience. Originally, we viewed the body's reaction to stress as binary: we're

either in a sympathetic or parasympathetic state. Polyvagal Theory,

however, shows that there are multiple and blended states of arousal in response to real or perceived stress. In simpler terms, Polyvagal Theory helps us understand how we

engage in and interact with the world.

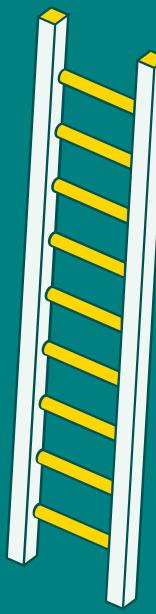
**PRINCIPLE #1** 

## The Polyvagal principle of hierarchy, envisioned as the autonomic ladder

Hierarchy

vagus nerve can lead us to, depending on cues of safety or danger in our environment: **Ventral Vagal** 

by Deb Dana (2018), explains the different physiological states that the



parasympathetic branch. Our nervous system is regulated, and we're ready to connect and engage with others and what we're experiencing in the now, while tuning out irrelevant stimuli. We feel safe and secure in the world. Sympathetic This state of the ANS activates when we feel a stirring of unease — when neuroception triggers a

sense of danger. We feel the need to take action

In this state, our social engagement system is

active in the ventral vagal pathway of the

### to avoid or resolve the perceived threat, best

known as fight-or-flight response. The world feels dangerous or overstimulating. **Dorsal Vagal** A primal part of the human experience, the dorsal vagal pathway is the path of last resort — a place of immobilization when sympathetic response is insufficient at protecting us or eliminating the

body move into conservation mode. We feel disconnected from ourselves and from the world. It is also possible to rapidly shift between or experience a blend of three states as you go about your day.

hopelessness may take over, and our mind and

perceived threat. In this state, sense of

### our ANS subconsciously decide via our senses in every moment whether a person or situation is safe, dangerous or a threat — without involving

PRINCIPLE #2

Neuroception

## the thinking parts of our brain. Neuroception listens to three streams of input: inside (the body), outside

**INSIDE** (THE BODY)

(the environment), and between (others' nervous systems).

**OUTSIDE** 

(THE ENVIRONMENT)

Neural circuits are a group of neurons interconnected by synapses. The

activated. Neuroception, coined by Dr. Porges, is how neural circuits in

group's main role is to execute specific functions, but only when





Polyvagal Theory offers a framework for working with our nervous system.

to prepare for and help us develop these safe connections with other

people. This in turn helps create a stronger personal foundation for self-

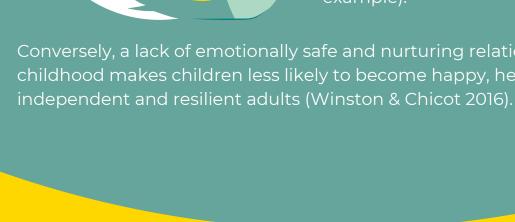
example).

we can create supportive and protective relationships.



(NERVOUS SYSTEMS)

regulation and health.



Conversely, a lack of emotionally safe and nurturing relationships in childhood makes children less likely to become happy, healthy,

Co-regulation begins with the shared

baby and its mother. Before birth, the baby hears its mother's voice, which

experience between a developing

becomes a sound of safety. As an infant, it pairs the voice with a

parent's smiling face, and later as a

toddler can look to them to find regulation (after falling down, for



# Start your journey with Polyvagal Theory and

create lasting change with your clients.

The Safe and Sound Protocol (SSP), developed by Dr. Stephen Porges, is a practical application of his Polyvagal Theory. An auditory intervention provided in the context of a therapeutic process, the SSP retunes the nervous system and is designed to reduce distress and auditory sensitivity, restore function, and

enhancing social engagement, while promoting resilience at any age.

Learn more on integrated listening.com or speak with a Programs Consultant

to discuss how you can integrate the SSP into your unique practice.

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